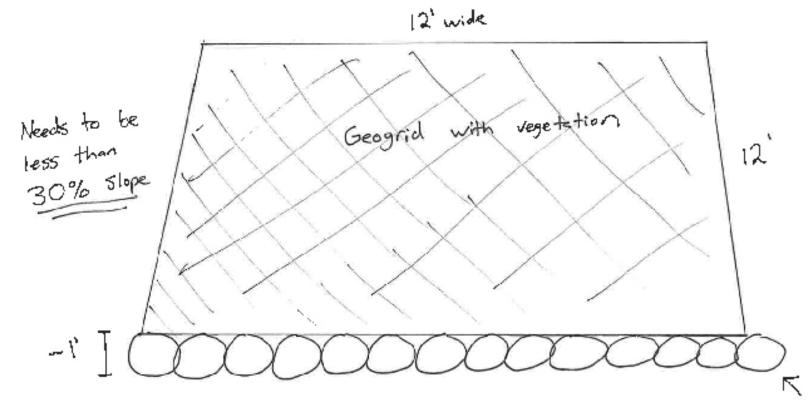








Recreational use area grading



Rock or Bioengineering at toe. Slope

Lake







MN DNR Rip-rap standards

Shoreline Alterations: Riprap

Installation of riprap is allowed only where there is a demonstrated need to stop existing erosion or to restore an eroded shoreline. An individual DNR Public Waters Work Permit is *not* required if the installation meets all of the following conditions:

- The riprap must not cover emergent aquatic vegetation, unless authorized by an aquatic plant management permit from the DNR's Division of Fisheries.
- Only natural rock (cannot average less than 6 inches or more than 30 inches in diameter) may be used that is free of debris that may cause pollution or siltation. Concrete is not allowed.
- A filter of crushed rock, gravel, or filter fabric material must be placed underneath the rock.
- The riprap must be no more than 6 feet waterward of the ordinary high-water level (OHWL; see sidebar on page 1).
- The riprap must conform to the natural alignment of shore and must not obstruct navigation or the flow of water.
- The minimum finished slope waterward of the OHWL must be no steeper than 3 to 1 (horizontal to vertical).
- The riprapped area must be no more than 200 linear feet of shoreline along lakes and
 - wetlands or, along shorelines of streams, must be less than five times the average width of the affected watercourse.
- The site must not be a posted fish spawning area, designated trout stream, or along the shore of Lake Superior.

